NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

F07GGF (SPPCON/DPPCON)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F07GGF (SPPCON/DPPCON) estimates the condition number of a real symmetric positive-definite matrix *A*, where *A* has been factorized by F07GDF (SPPTRF/DPPTRF), using packed storage.

2 Specification

 SUBROUTINE
 F07GGF(UPLO, N, AP, ANORM, RCOND, WORK, IWORK, INFO)

 ENTRY
 sppcon
 (UPLO, N, AP, ANORM, RCOND, WORK, IWORK, INFO)

 INTEGER
 N, IWORK(*), INFO

 real
 AP(*), ANORM, RCOND, WORK(*)

 CHARACTER*1
 UPLO

The ENTRY statement enables the routine to be called by its LAPACK name.

3 Description

This routine estimates the condition number (in the 1-norm) of a real symmetric positive-definite matrix A:

$$\kappa_1(A) = \|A\|_1 \|A^{-1}\|_1.$$

Since A is symmetric, $\kappa_1(A) = \kappa_{\infty}(A) = ||A||_{\infty} ||A^{-1}||_{\infty}$.

Because $\kappa_1(A)$ is infinite if A is singular, the routine actually returns an estimate of the **reciprocal** of $\kappa_1(A)$.

The routine should be preceded by a call to F06RDF to compute $||A||_1$ and a call to F07GDF (SPPTRF/DPPTRF) to compute the Cholesky factorization of A. The routine then uses Higham's implementation of Hager's method (see Higham (1988)) to estimate $||A^{-1}||_1$.

4 References

Higham N J (1988) FORTRAN codes for estimating the one-norm of a real or complex matrix, with applications to condition estimation ACM Trans. Math. Software 14 381–396

5 Parameters

1: UPLO – CHARACTER*1

On entry: indicates whether A has been factorized as $U^T U$ or LL^T as follows:

if UPLO = 'U', $A = U^T U$, where U is upper triangular;

if UPLO = 'L', $A = LL^T$, where L is lower triangular.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

2: N – INTEGER

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A. Constraint: $N \ge 0$. Input

Input

3: AP(*) – *real* array

Note: the dimension of the array AP must be at least max(1, N * (N + 1)/2).

On entry: the Cholesky factor of A stored in packed form, as returned by F07GDF (SPPTRF/DPPTRF).

4: ANORM – *real*

On entry: the 1-norm of the **original** matrix A, which may be computed by calling F06RDF. ANORM must be computed either **before** calling F07GDF (SPPTRF/DPPTRF) or else from a copy of the original matrix A.

Constraint: ANORM \geq 0.0.

5: RCOND – real

On exit: an estimate of the reciprocal of the condition number of *A*. RCOND is set to zero if exact singularity is detected or the estimate underflows. If RCOND is less than *machine precision*, *A* is singular to working precision.

6: WORK(*) – *real* array *Workspace*

Note: the dimension of the array WORK must be at least max(1, 3 * N).

7: IWORK(*) – INTEGER array

Note: the dimension of the array IWORK must be at least max(1, N).

8: INFO – INTEGER

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, the *i*th parameter had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

7 Accuracy

The computed estimate RCOND is never less than the true value ρ , and in practice is nearly always less than 10ρ , although examples can be constructed where RCOND is much larger.

8 Further Comments

A call to this routine involves solving a number of systems of linear equations of the form Ax = b; the number is usually 4 or 5 and never more than 11. Each solution involves approximately $2n^2$ floating-point operations but takes considerably longer than a call to F07GEF (SPPTRS/DPPTRS) with 1 right-hand side, because extra care is taken to avoid overflow when A is approximately singular.

The complex analogue of this routine is F07GUF (CPPCON/ZPPCON).

Input

Output

Input

Workspace

Output

9 Example

To estimate the condition number in the 1-norm (or infinity-norm) of the matrix A, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4.16 & -3.12 & 0.56 & -0.10 \\ -3.12 & 5.03 & -0.83 & 1.18 \\ 0.56 & -0.83 & 0.76 & 0.34 \\ -0.10 & 1.18 & 0.34 & 1.18 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Here A is symmetric positive-definite, stored in packed form, and must first be factorized by F07GDF (SPPTRF/DPPTRF). The true condition number in the 1-norm is 97.32.

9.1 Program Text

Note: the listing of the example program presented below uses *bold italicised* terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
*
      F07GGF Example Program Text
*
      Mark 15 Release. NAG Copyright 1991.
*
      .. Parameters ..
                        NIN, NOUT
      INTEGER
                       (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
      PARAMETER
      INTEGER
                      NMAX
      PARAMETER
                       (NMAX=8)
      .. Local Scalars ..
*
      real
                       ANORM, RCOND
                       I, INFO, J, N
      INTEGER
      CHARACTER
                      UPLO
      .. Local Arrays ..
*
      realAP(NMAX*(NMAX+1)/2), WORK(3*NMAX)INTEGERIWORK(NMAX)
     real FOGRDF, XO2AJF
EXTERNAL FOGRE
      .. External Functions ..
      .. External Subroutines ..
                  sppcon, spptrf
      EXTERNAL
*
      .. Executable Statements ..
      WRITE (NOUT, *) 'F07GGF Example Program Results'
*
      Skip heading in data file
      READ (NIN, *)
      READ (NIN,*) N
      IF (N.LE.NMAX) THEN
         Read A from data file
*
         READ (NIN, *) UPLO
         IF (UPLO.EQ.'U') THEN
            READ (NIN,*) ((AP(I+J*(J-1)/2),J=I,N),I=1,N)
         ELSE IF (UPLO.EQ.'L') THEN
            READ (NIN,*) ((AP(I+(2*N-J)*(J-1)/2),J=1,I),I=1,N)
         END IF
*
*
         Compute norm of A
         ANORM = FO6RDF('1-norm', UPLO, N, AP, WORK)
*
*
         Factorize A
*
         CALL spptrf(UPLO, N, AP, INFO)
*
         WRITE (NOUT, *)
         IF (INFO.EQ.0) THEN
            Estimate condition number
*
*
            CALL sppcon(UPLO, N, AP, ANORM, RCOND, WORK, IWORK, INFO)
*
            IF (RCOND.GE.X02AJF()) THEN
```

```
WRITE (NOUT,99999) 'Estimate of condition number =',
+ 1.0e0/RCOND
ELSE
WRITE (NOUT,*) 'A is singular to working precision'
END IF
ELSE
WRITE (NOUT,*) 'A is not positive-definite'
END IF
END IF
STOP
*
99999 FORMAT (1X,A,1P,e10.2)
END
```

9.2 Program Data

F07GGF Example Program Data 4 :Value of N 'L' :Value of UPLO 4.16 -3.12 5.03 0.56 -0.83 0.76 -0.10 1.18 0.34 1.18 :End of matrix A

9.3 Program Results

F07GGF Example Program Results

Estimate of condition number = 9.73E+01